

COURSE REPORT

Forest Landscape Restoration in the Tropics

(Delivered in Spanish)

January 30 to March 17, 2017

An online course organized by:
Environmental Leadership and Training Initiative (ELTI)
International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN)

Background: Forest Landscape Restoration (FLR) provides an opportunity to transform large areas of degraded and deforested land into landscapes that produce numerous ecological, economic, and social benefits. Many countries have made large-scale commitments to restore millions of hectares of degraded and deforested land under the Bonn Challenge, which is an international effort to restore 150 million hectares around the globe by 2020 and 350 million by 2030. Achieving these large-scale commitments, however, requires that decision-makers address the diverse ecological, socio-political, and economic factors that impact restoration efforts at different scales.

The Restoration Opportunities Assessment Methodology (ROAM) provides a framework for countries and regions to identify, analyze, and prioritize restoration opportunities in order to develop a suite of restoration strategies for particular contexts. By situating ROAM within a broader framework of academic knowledge on tropical forest and landscape ecology, socio-political and economic processes related to restoration, and restoration strategies, individuals involved with FLR policy, planning, and implementation can develop the foundation needed to achieve a range of objectives, such as economic growth, food security, biodiversity conservation, and carbon sequestration.



Aerial view of the buffer zone around the Río Plátano Biosphere Reserve in Honduras, the region where course participant Jairon Castellanos focused his course project. Photo credit: Jairon Isidro Castellanos Hernandez

ELTI is an initiative of the Yale School of Forestry & Environmental studies supported by Arcadia (www.arcadiafund.org.uk). IUCN is a membership Union composed of both government and civil society organisations. It harnesses the experience, resources and reach of its 1,300 Member organisations and the input of some 15,000 experts. IUCN is the global authority on the status of the natural world and the measures needed to safeguard it.



This online course was designed to provide a solid foundation on FLR and develop capacity of FLR practitioners on how they can identify, analyze, and prioritize FLR opportunities using the Restoration Opportunities Assessment Methodology (ROAM). The course provided participants with a series of presentations, live discussion sessions, and activities designed to help them to develop a restoration plan, to apply what they learned during the course, and to discuss strategies to unlock finance and scale up FLR. The course was offered to practitioners and professionals directly involved in FLR, such as IUCN partners and Members (including government). Participants exchanged experiences with other peers, and shared concepts and tools with each other, the ELTI facilitators, and guest experts.

Course Objectives:

- Present the basic principles of forest tropical ecology, restoration ecology, and natural and anthropogenic disturbance, as well as how those disturbances affect the potential for regeneration;
- Provide the knowledge needed to identify, evaluate and compare an array of forest landscape restoration opportunities and how the biophysical and socio-economic conditions of a site influences the decisions about which strategies to employ, including trade-offs;
- Provide guidance on stakeholder engagement and how to analyze the enabling conditions that are needed to successfully implement and scale up FLR;
- Present an array of relevant information needed to develop a strategic plan for FLR, including an overview of ROAM, related case studies, and associated tools and finance strategies;
- Support participants to plan for FLR nationally, or in a specific region or area, by helping them to analyze the ecological conditions, disturbance history, socio-political factors, and monitoring plans in their local context; and
- Provide the opportunity for participants to engage in critical discussions on a weekly basis and connect with a global network of practitioners working on FLR.

Format: This six-week course was offered in Spanish and was divided into the following thematic modules, each one lasting a week:

Module 1. Ecology, disturbance, and regeneration potential in tropical forest landscapes

Module 2. The Restoration Opportunities Assessment Methodology

Module 3. Socio-political and cultural aspects of FLR

Module 4. Effective FLR practices and strategies

Module 5. FLR for production purposes

Module 6. Scaling up and Monitoring FLR



Educational Tools:

- Pre-recorded guest lectures that include video of the guest speaker and their corresponding PowerPoint slides;
- Interactive presentations that synthesize the core concepts of each module;
- Suggested readings to complement the presentations;
- Case studies of restoration projects and examples of FLR and ROAM from a range of countries, including Argentina, Brazil, Colombia, Mexico, Panama, Rwanda, Sri Lanka, and the Central America region;
- Weekly online live discussion sessions with the lead professor and invited guest experts;
- Weekly discussion forums, during which participants are asked to share their thoughts and questions about the weekly material; and
- Targeted discussion sessions to review individual work on the final project, which is an outline of the approach participants would take to accomplish FLR in an area, region, or country.

In addition to the discussion forums, participants also completed literature searches and peer-to-peer feedback assignments as part of the final project.

At the end of the course, participants who completed all of the course requirements received a certificate of participation.

Participants:

This course was offered for IUCN Members and partners directly involved with FLR, particularly those working in Mexico, Central America, and South America. Nineteen applicants were selected as participants for the course given their achievements and potential to be leaders and decision makers for FLR and ROAM in their respective regions. The participants work in Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Paraguay, and Peru. Participants represented Environmental Ministries, the World Bank, IUCN regional offices, research organizations, nongovernmental organizations, foundations, and academic institutions.



elti ONLINE TRAINING PROGRAM Yale SCHOOL OF FORESTRY & ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES IUCN

Silvio Simonit, Ph.D.
Especialista en Economía Ambiental y Gestión del Territorio
Oficina Regional para México, América Central y El Caribe, IUCN

Análisis económico de la restauración en la implementación del ROAM:
El caso de la Península de Yucatán, México

Silvio Simonit, PhD
Especialista en Economía Ambiental y Gestión del Territorio
Unión Internacional para la Conservación de la Naturaleza - IUCN

Pre-recorded guest lecture on the economic analysis for restoration as part of a ROAM process in the Yucatan Peninsula, Mexico presented by IUCN guest expert Silvio Simonit.



Factores sociopolíticos en la restauración

Factores sociopolíticos en la restauración

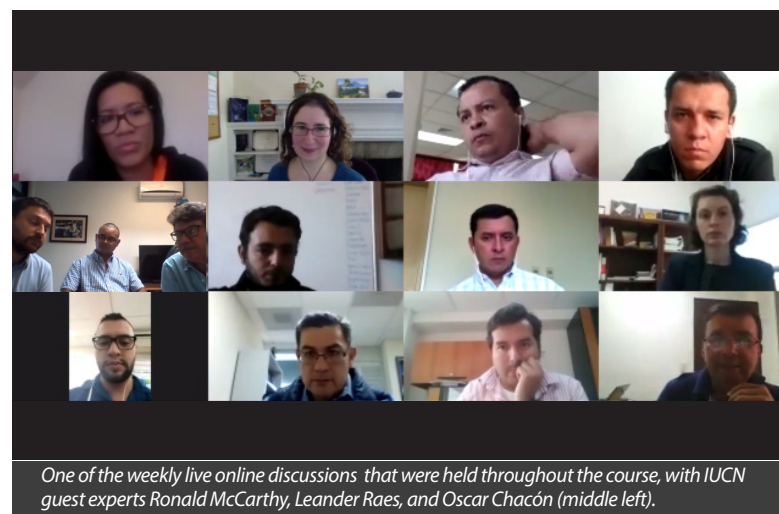
Consideraciones de género

Independientemente de la escala y del alcance de la iniciativa, es necesario que existan esfuerzos deliberados y explícitos en pos de involucrar a los actores interesados, de forma tal de asegurar un amplio alcance a nivel de la colaboración, asegurando la presencia activa y la participación equitativa de mujeres, hombres y jóvenes de distintos grupos de interés, para todas las etapas del proceso.

Quando uno considera a los terratenientes como actores interesados, puede ser importante también considerar las inequidades de género presentes en la propiedad de la tierra, ya que las mujeres con frecuencia no son propietarias ni herederas de tierras, lo cual puede conllevar a la exclusión de las mismas en las conversaciones relacionadas a la tenencia de la tierra, a pesar de que las decisiones del manejo de la tierra suelen tener un gran impacto en sus formas de vida y en sus familias.

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Clickable presentation on the "Sociopolitical Aspects of Restoration", which included a strong component on gender considerations for FLR processes.



One of the weekly live online discussions that were held throughout the course, with IUCN guest experts Ronald McCarthy, Leander Raes, and Oscar Chacón (middle left).

Instructors and Coordinators:

Dr. Florencia Montagnini from the Yale School of Forestry & Environmental Studies (F&ES) served as lead professor for this course. She participated in three of seven live sessions and provided feedback on project work at several points during the course. **Gillian Bloomfield**, ELTI's Online Training Program Coordinator, facilitated the delivery and management of the course, with teaching assistance from **Verónica Chang** (M.E.M. 2017, Yale F&ES). **Mirjam Kuzee** and **Melinka Najera** of IUCN provided support related to the invitation of participants, selection of guest speakers, design of course assignments, and facilitation throughout the course.

A range of guest experts provided pre-recorded video lectures and/or participated in live video conferences. These guest experts included:

- **Mark Ashton**, Ph.D., Yale School of Forestry & Environmental Studies, United States.
- **Gillian Bloomfield**, M.F.S., Environmental Leadership and Training Initiative at Yale University, United States.
- **Pedro Brancalion**, Ph.D., "Luiz de Queiróz" Agriculture School, University of São Paulo, Brazil.
- **Zoraida Calle**, M.Sc., Center for Research on Sustainable Agricultural Production Systems, Colombia.
- **Miguel Calmon**, Ph.D., International Union for Conservation of Nature, Washington DC Office.
- **Oscar Chacon**, M.G.A., International Union for Conservation of Nature, ORMACC Office, Costa Rica.
- **Eva Garen**, Ph.D., Environmental Leadership and Training Initiative at Yale University, United States.
- **Ronald McCarthy**, M.Sc., International Union for Conservation of Nature, ORMACC Office, Costa Rica.
- **Adrie Mukashema**, M.Sc., Rwanda Natural Resources Authority, Rwanda.
- **Gerhard Mulder**, M.I.A./M.Sc., International Union for Conservation of Nature, Washington DC Office.
- **Germán Obando Vargas**, M.Sc., International Union for Conservation of Nature, ORMACC Office, Costa Rica.
- **Úrsula Parilla**, M.Sc., International Union for Conservation of Nature, ORMACC Office, Guatemala.
- **Luciana Ludlow Paz**, M.Sc., International Union for Conservation of Nature, ORMACC Office, Mexico.
- **Leander Raes**, Ph.D., International Union for Conservation of Nature, ORMACC Office, Costa Rica.
- **Wilson Ramirez**, Ph.D., Alexander von Humboldt Biological Resources Research Institute, Colombia.
- **Severino Ribeiro Pinto**, Ph.D., Center for Environmental Research of the Northeast, Brazil.
- **Silvio Simonit**, Ph.D., International Union for Conservation of Nature, ORMACC Office, Mexico.
- **Mike Verdone**, Ph.D., BBC Research and Consulting, United States.

Outputs and Follow-up: The majority of participants were actively engaged throughout the course and indicated that they benefited from their interactions with instructors, guest experts, and peers. As part of their homework, participants developed and submitted detailed FLR and ROAM planning documents for 13 different focal regions in nine countries. Each project included an outline of: (1) the ecological, historical, social, and political context of the area; (2) a "Roadmap to ROAM," detailing steps needed and actors involved; (3) discussion of FLR strategies; (4) a cost-benefit analysis; (5) approaches to scaling up; (6) a monitoring strategy; and (7) proposed actions following ROAM.

In coming months, ELTI and IUCN will follow up with participants to see how the course and project assignments have influenced their professional development, and how they are managing and planning FLR in their respective regions.

For more information: please contact Gillian Bloomfield, ELTI's Online Training Coordinator: Gillian.Bloomfield@yale.edu

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Guía sobre la Metodología de evaluación de oportunidades de restauración (ROAM)



The "Restoration Opportunities Assessment Methodology (ROAM)" handbook. Tools and exercises from ROAM were integrated into the course via lecture materials, readings, discussions and project work, in order to improve participant's understanding and capacity for implementing ROAM.